

Split Core Hall Current Sensor CYHCT-EKCV

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of DC current, DC pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

| Product Characteristics | Applications |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excellent accuracy • Very good linearity • Using split cores and easy mounting • Less power consumption • Window structure • Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor • No insertion loss • Current overload capability | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Photovoltaic equipment • Frequency conversion timing equipment • Various power supply • Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) • Electric welding machines • Transformer substation • Numerical controlled machine tools • Electric powered locomotive • Microcomputer monitoring • Electric power network monitoring |

Electrical Data

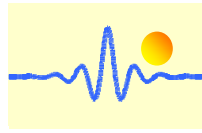
| Primary Nominal DC Current I_r (A) | Measuring Range (A) | DC Output Voltage (V) | Aperture Diameter (mm) | Part number (see application notes on page 3) |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 30A | 0 ~ ± 30A | x=0: 0-4V ±1.0% x=3: 0-5V ±1.0% | 12 | CYHCT-EKCV-U/B30A-xn |
| 50A | 0 ~ ± 50A | | | CYHCT-EKCV-U/B50A-xn |
| 80A | 0 ~ ± 80A | | | CYHCT-EKCV-U/B80A-xn |
| 100A | 0 ~ ± 100A | | | CYHCT-EKCV-U/B100A-xn |
| 200A | 0 ~ ± 200A | | | CYHCT-EKCV-U/B200A-xn |
| 300A | 0 ~ ± 300A | | | CYHCT-EKCV-U/B300A-xn |

(n=2, V_{cc} = +12VDC; n=3, V_{cc} =+15VDC; n=4, V_{cc} =+24VDC, U: unidirectional input current; B: bidirectional input current, please give U or B in Part number)

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage | V_{cc} = +12V, +15V, +24VDC ± 5% |
| Output Voltage at I_r , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$: | V_{out} =0- 4V, 0-5V |
| Current Consumption | I_c < 25mA |
| Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: | 3kV rms |
| Output Impedance: | R_{out} < 150Ω |
| Load resistance: | 10kΩ |

Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Accuracy at I_r , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, | X <±1.0% FS |
| Linearity from 0 to I_r , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, | E_L <±0.5% FS |
| Electric Offset Voltage, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, | V_{oe} <50mV |
| Magnetic Offset Voltage ($I_r \rightarrow 0$) | V_{om} <±20mV |
| Thermal Drift of Offset Voltage, | V_{ot} <±1.0mV/°C |
| Response Time at 90% of I_P ($f=1\text{k Hz}$) | t_r < 1ms |
| Frequency Bandwidth (-3dB), | f_b = DC - 20 kHz |
| Case Material: | PBT |

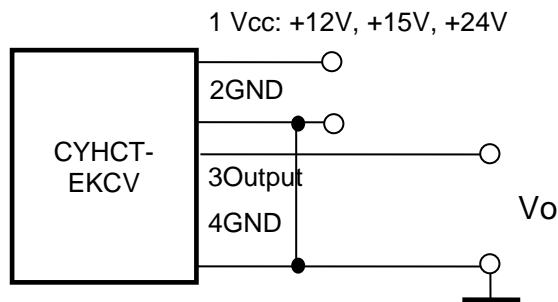
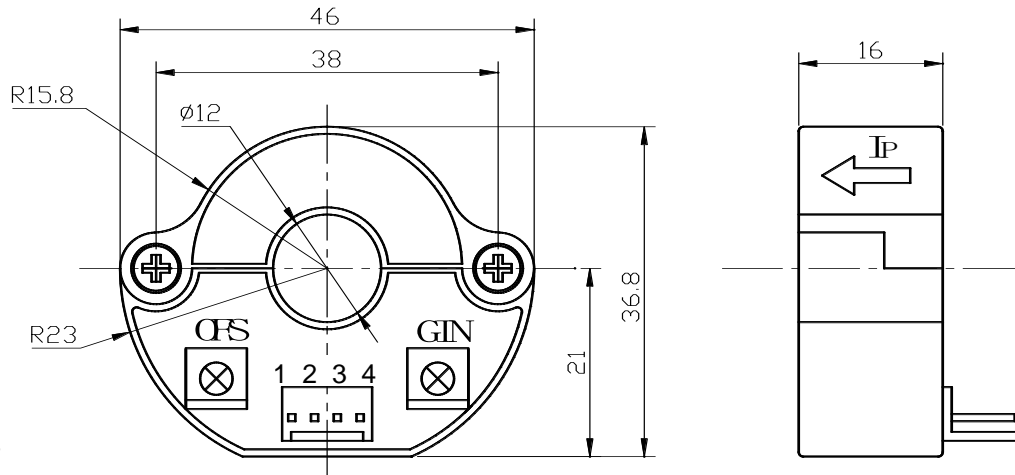


General Data

Operating Temperature,
Storage Temperature,
Unit weight:

$T_A = -25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $T_S = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +100^{\circ}\text{C}$
35g/unit

Dimensions



Pin Arrangement

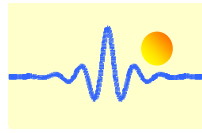
1: Vcc 2: Ground (GND) 3: Output 4: Ground (GND)

GIN: gain adjustment

OFS: offset adjustment

Notes:

1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer.



Application Notes

1) Part number CYHCT-EKCV-U/BxxxA-xn

U: unidirectional input current; **B:** bidirectional input current; **xxx:** current value; **x:** output voltage (**x=0:** 0-4V $\pm 1.0\%$; **x=3:** 0-5V $\pm 1.0\%$); **n:** power supply (**n=2,** Vcc= +12VDC; **n=3,** Vcc =+15VDC; **n=4,** Vcc =+24VDC,)

Example 1: CYHCT-EKCV-U100A-32 Hall Effect DC Current sensor with
Output signal: 0 – 5V DC
Power supply: +12V DC
Rated input current: 0 - 100A DC (unidirectional)

Example 2: CYHCT-EKCV-B100A-04 Hall Effect DC Current sensor with
Output signal: 0 – 4V DC
Power supply: +24V DC
Rated input current: -100A - 0 - +100A DC (bidirectional)

2) Relation between Input current and output signal

| Current Sensor CYHCT-EKCV-U100A-32 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Input current (A) | Output voltage Vo (V) |
| 0 | 0 |
| 25 | 1.25 |
| 50 | 2.5 |
| 75 | 3.75 |
| 100 | 5 |

| Current Sensor CYHCT-EKCV-B100A-04 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Input current (A) | Output voltage Vo (V) |
| -100 | 0 |
| -75 | 0.5 |
| -50 | 1 |
| -25 | 1.5 |
| 0 | 2 |
| 25 | 2.5 |
| 50 | 3 |
| 75 | 3.5 |
| 100 | 4 |