

High Accurate Hall AC/DC Current Sensor CYHCS-LTH

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of DC and AC current, pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications		
 Excellent accuracy Very good linearity Less power consumption Window structure Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor No insertion loss Current overload capability 	 Photovoltaic equipment Frequency conversion timing equipment Various power supply Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) Electric welding machines Transformer substation Numerical controlled machine tools Electric powered locomotive Microcomputer monitoring Electric power network monitoring 		

Electrical Data

Primary Nominal RMS Current I_r (A)	Measuring Range (A)	Output voltage (V)	Aperture Diameter (mm)	Part number
10	± 30			CYHCS-LTH10A-X
20	± 60			CYHCS-LTH20A-X
50	± 150			CYHCS-LTH50A-X
75	± 225	X=0: ±4V ±1.0%	Ø20.2	CYHCS-LTH75A-X
100	± 300	X=1: ±5V ±1.0%	W20.2	CYHCS-LTH100A-X
200	± 500			CYHCS-LTH200A-X
300	± 600			CYHCS-LTH300A-X
500	± 1000			CYHCS-LTH500A-X

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Supply Voltage} & V_{cc} = \pm 15 \text{V} \pm 5\%, \\ \text{Current Consumption} & I_c < 25 \text{mA} \\ \text{Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min:} & 5 \text{kV} \\ \text{Isolation resistance } @ 500 \text{ VDC} & > 500 \text{ M}\Omega \\ \end{array}$

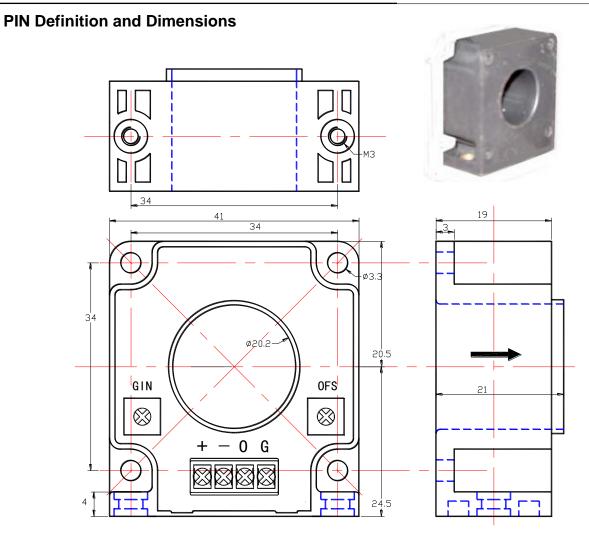
Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

Accuracy at I_r , T_A =25°C (without offset), E < 0.5%Linearity from 0 to I_r , T_A =25°C, $E_L < 0.2\%$ FS Electric Offset Voltage, T_A =25°C, $V_{oe} < \pm 15$ mV Magnetic Offset Voltage ($I_r \rightarrow 0$) $V_{om} < \pm 15$ mV Thermal Drift of Offset Voltage, $V_{ot} < \pm 0.5$ mV/°C Response Time at 90% of I_P (f=1k Hz) $t_r < 3$ µs Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB): DC-20kHz

General Data

Ambient Operating Temperature, $T_A = -25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Ambient Storage Temperature, $T_S = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +100^{\circ}\text{C}$

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Terminal Definition:

+: +15V -: -15V O: Output G: Ground

Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer

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